



Charlottesville Police Department
2019 Annual Report
"Service Beyond the Call"

Police Department

Dr. RaShall M. Brackney

Chief of Police

Captain Joseph L. Hatter

Field Operations Division Commander

Captain James P. Mooney, Jr.

Criminal Investigations Division Commander

Captain Latroy A. Durette

Support Operations Division Commander

CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE

City Council

Nikuyah Walker

Mayor

Sena Magill

Vice-Mayor

Heather Hill

Councilor

Michael Payne

Councilor

Lloyd Snook

Councilor

Dr. Tarron Richardson

City Manager

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CREDITS

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A Message From: Dr. RaShall M. Brackney, Chief of Police



The Charlottesville Police Department (CPD) is pleased to present the 2019 Annual Report. The goal of CPD is to build a community through partnerships, transparency, as well as fair and impartial policing.

In order to fulfill those mandates, our department has taken unprecedented steps to address the community's concerns by providing electronic access to all "charging" data for the past five years, posting 2017-2019 Internal Affairs complaints and outcomes on our website, providing monthly Investigative Detention Encounters and outcomes, and providing a summary and level of all "Use of Force" incidents for the past two years. Although these efforts are a start, the CPD welcomes opportunities for the community to connect with the department through other inaugural initiatives such as 100 Conversations and Community Corner Liaisons.

The 2019 Annual Report contains information designed to inform residents, visitors, and the greater Charlottesville community about crime trends, community engagement events and other items of interest. In addition to providing relevant information and statistics, the annual report meets the Virginia Law Enforcement Professional Standards Commission (VLEPSC), which guides the department's accreditation standards and the CPD's commitment to "Service Beyond the Call."



Chief Brackney hands out holiday gifts to children during the 2019 Santa Van event.



Sgt. Shawn Bayles poses for a photo with community members following an event at the Jefferson School last summer.

Our Community

The City of Charlottesville is located in Central Virginia about 100 miles from Washington, DC, and 70 miles northwest of Richmond. The department serves a daytime population of approximately 100,000 people; including 49,000 city residents, 30,000 commuters, and 22,000 University of Virginia students.

It is the priority of the Charlottesville Police Department to provide “Service Beyond the Call” to its community members. In an effort to provide the highest quality of service to our community, CPD facilitates numerous community-based programs, including:

- C’Ville Night Out— This annual event brings our police officers and community members together with music, food, and fun. C’Ville Night Out aims to bring us together by giving our community a better understanding of the law enforcement profession, and how we strive to protect and serve all members of our community.
- Law Enforcement Torch Run— Each year, our officers run as guardians of the flame to kick off the Virginia Special Olympics. CPD also participates in the Torch Run Polar Plunge in Virginia Beach to raise thousands of dollars for children with intellectual disabilities. The Charlottesville Police Department is a proud supporter of the Virginia Special Olympics and its mission.
- Santa Van— CPD has hosted the Santa Van for underprivileged and underrepresented communities for more than 10 years, with the goal of making sure everyone in our community can celebrate their respective religious holidays.

About The Department

The Charlottesville Police Department employs 125 sworn officers who serve the City of Charlottesville, which has an area of 10.2 square miles. The department also employs 34 civilian employees who support essential services in Administration, Support Operations, the Office of the Chief, Investigations, and Field Operations. CPD is organized into four divisions: Administration, Field Operations, Investigations, and Support Operations.

Every member of the Charlottesville Police Department is committed to our vision, which is summarized by one simple slogan: ***“Service Beyond the Call.”***



Corporal James Fink and Officer Grant Davis debut our new Segways on Charlottesville’s Downtown Mall. The Segways were purchased in 2019, and were designed to help make our officers more approachable.

Administration Division

The Administration Division provides for the budgetary function of the department and is comprised of the following: a budget analyst, accounts payable/receivable coordinator, and Quartermaster. The division is responsible for the budgetary function and inventory function of the department. In 2020, this Division became the first in the department to be operated by civilian personnel only.



Nahid Amin, pictured here, serves as our Accounts Payable/Receivable Coordinator

Field Operations Division

The Field Operations Division serves as the major-line element of the Charlottesville Police Department. There are three uniformed patrol shifts that are responsible for providing 24-hour police patrol, responding to all calls for service, proactively patrol the city for violations of traffic and investigation of accidents.



Graduates from the academy pose for a photo following a ceremony in November 2019

Criminal Investigations Division

The Criminal Investigations Division handles all investigations related to major crimes and property crimes in the City of Charlottesville. The Investigations Bureau is responsible for the investigation of all assigned criminal cases. The Bureau is divided into five specialized case sections. Those sections include the Major Cases, Property Crimes, Special Victims, Narcotics, and Financial Crimes.

The Investigations Bureau responsibilities include investigating major crimes which occur in the City of Charlottesville, cause to be collected, identified, and preserved any necessary physical evidence related to investigations, prepare case and present them to the Commonwealth Attorney for formal charging and prosecution of the offenders, locate, identify, recover, and arrange for the return of recovered stolen property to the rightful owner, assist other divisions of the department with investigations, and share with other divisions crime trends, crime alerts, and wanted and/or dangerous offender information.

The Bureau also includes the Forensic Unit, which include sworn officers who are certified evidence technicians that are staffed in various divisions of the department who are called upon to perform evidence duties on an as needed basis. They respond to serious crime scenes and process the scene for physical evidence, collect identify, and preserve evidence found, properly store all evidence, present evidence in court as required, supervise the reclassification of evidence to property, and maintain the department's fingerprint files.



Detectives Anmarie Hamill, Jill Salyer, Kim Hiner, and Officer Tammy Shiflett attending Charlottesville Night Out in September 2019.

Support Operations Division

The Support Operations Division houses the Special Weapons and Tactics (SWAT) team, Hiring and Retention Bureau, Information Management Services (Records), and the Accreditation and Compliance Manager. The division provides essential support services to the department and is staffed by both sworn and civilian personnel.



Hope Banks, a long-time member of our Information Management Services team, is pictured here working from her desk. Our IMS team is usually the first personnel the general public interact with when they come to the police department.

Specialty Units



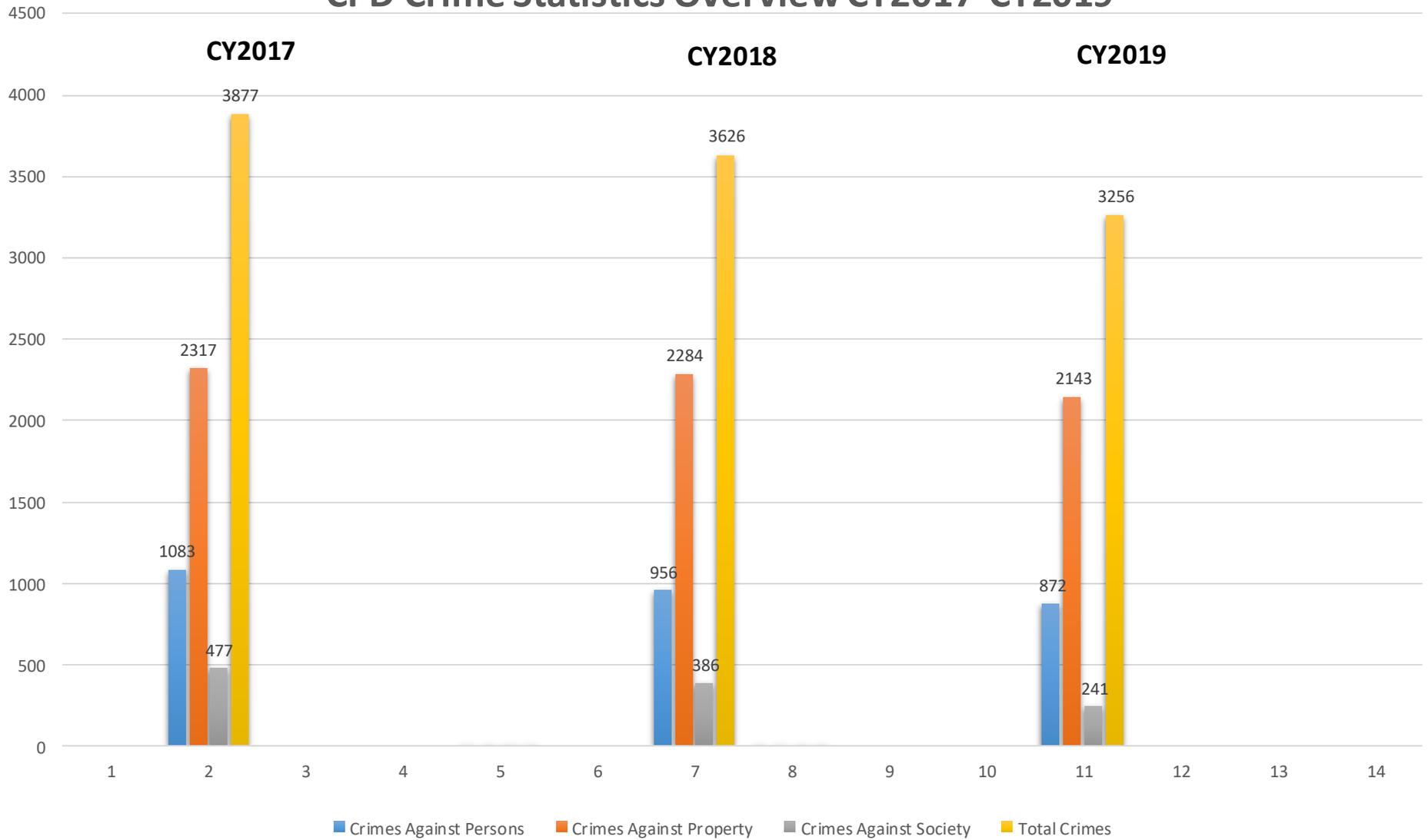
The **K-9 Unit** is composed of four dogs; Kai, Bono, Brewster, and Yogi. Kai and Bono are trained in narcotics detection and tracking. Brewster is trained in explosives detection. Yogi, the most recent addition to our K-9 team, is a comfort K-9 trained to help those who are feeling stressed or need emotional support.

The **Special Weapons and Tactics team (SWAT)** consists of highly-trained officers that train to respond to critical incidents. Our SWAT members are also highly connected to the Charlottesville community, and spend time participating in community events such as C'Ville Night Out and the Law Enforcement Torch Run.



The **Crisis Negotiations Team (CNT)** is a group of highly trained officers who help de-escalate situations that may be threats to officer safety and public safety. CNT officers are also trained to use tactics to help those who suffering from mental health issues on calls for service, and pose a danger to themselves or others in the community.

CPD Crime Statistics Overview CY2017-CY2019



Crime Statistics

OFFENSE	2017	2018	2019
HOMICIDE	5	1	2
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	0	0	1
ABDUCTION	15	20	9
FORCIBLE RAPE	33	25	23
FORCIBLE SODOMY	7	11	7
SEX ASSAULT OBJECT	2	1	0
FORCIBLE FONDLING	24	22	13
STATUTORY RAPE	0	0	1
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	154	131	115
SIMPLE ASSAULT	686	620	601
INTIMIDATION	157	125	100
TOTAL CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS	1,083	956	872

Disclaimer: Due to ongoing software reconciliation issues, between the Virginia State Police (VSP) and the Charlottesville Police Department (CPD), the data provided in this report was mined from our records management system as it provides the most accurate information. For additional statistics, the VSP crime reporting website can be located at: <https://va.beyond2020.com>

Crime Statistics (Continued)

OFFENSE	2017	2018	2019
ARSON	8	0	6
BRIBERY	0	1	0
BURGLARY/B&E	206	167	150
COUNTERFEITING/ FORGERY	62	44	26
DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY	669	580	545
EMBEZZLEMENT	18	19	15
EXTORTION/BLACKMAIL	0	4	6
FALSE PRETENSES/ SWINDLE	70	94	93
CREDIT CARD/ATM FRAUD	67	90	92
IMPERSONATION	57	36	30
WELFARE FRAUD	3	0	1
WIRE FRAUD	8	14	19
ROBBERY	32	35	19
POCKET-PICKING	9	11	11
PURSE-SNATCHING	4	2	2
SHOFTLIFTING	129	169	162

Crime Statistics (Continued)

OFFENSE	2017	2018	2019
THEFT FROM BUILDING	155	143	110
THEFT FROM COIN MACHINE/DEVICE	2	2	1
THEFT FROM MOTOR VEHICLE	300	297	297
THEFT OF MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS	47	49	55
ALL OTHER LARCENY	375	420	403
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	79	103	92
STOLEN PROPERTY OFFENSES	17	4	8
TOTAL CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY	2,317	2,284	2,143

DRUG/NARCOTIC VIOLATIONS	387	265	140
DRUG EQUIPMENT VIOLATIONS	14	50	44
PORNOGRAPHY/OBSCENE MATERIAL	4	1	8
ASSISTING/PROMOTING PROSTITUTION	0	0	2
WEAPON LAW VIOLATIONS	72	70	47
TOTAL CRIMES AGAINST SOCIETY	477	386	241

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Arrest Data

Charlottesville Police Arrests by Race – CY 2019

Race	Num. Arrests	Percentage
White	897	45%
Black	1,023	52%
Asian/Pacific Islander	21	1%
Missing	7	0.3%
Unknown	32	2%
Total	1,980	100%

Charlottesville Police Arrests by Race – CY 2018

Race	Num. Arrests	Percentage
White	1,063	45%
Black	1,223	52%
Asian/Pacific Islander	12	0.3%
American Indian/Alaskan Native	4	0.2%
Missing	16	0.7%
Unknown	22	0.9%
Total	2,340	100%

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Arrest Data (Continued)

Charlottesville Police Arrests by Race/Ethnicity – CY 2019

Race/Ethnicity	Num. Arrests	Percentage
White (Hispanic or Latino)	69	4%
White (Not Hispanic or Latino)	757	38%
White (Unknown)	23	1%
White (Missing)	48	2%
Black (Hispanic or Latino)	18	1%
Black (Not Hispanic or Latino)	916	46%
Black (Unknown)	49	3%
Black (Missing)	40	2%
Asian (Not Hispanic or Latino)	18	1%
Asian (Missing)	3	0.2%
Unknown (Not Hispanic or Latino)	17	0.9%
Unknown (Hispanic or Latino)	10	0.5%
Missing	12	0.6%
Total	1,980	100%

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Arrest Data (Continued)

Charlottesville Police Arrests by Race/Ethnicity – CY 2018

Ethnicity	Num. Arrests	Percentage
White (Hispanic or Latino)	93	4%
White (Not Hispanic or Latino)	919	39%
White (Unknown)	35	2%
White (Missing)	16	0.7%
Black (Hispanic or Latino)	9	0.4%
Black (Not Hispanic or Latino)	1,150	49%
Black (Unknown)	47	2%
Black (Missing)	17	0.7%
Asian (Not Hispanic or Latino)	11	0.5%
Asian (Unknown)	1	0.04%
American Indian (Hispanic or Latino)	1	0.04%
American Indian (Not Hispanic or Latino)	2	0.09%
American Indian (Missing)	1	0.04%
Unknown (Not Hispanic or Latino)	22	0.9%
Unknown (Hispanic or Latino)	3	0.1%
Missing	13	0.6%
Total	2,340	100%

Disclaimer: Due to ongoing software reconciliation issues, between the Virginia State Police (VSP) and the Charlottesville Police Department (CPD), the data provided in this report was mined from our records management system as it provides the most accurate information. For additional statistics, the VSP crime reporting website can be located at: <https://va.beyond2020.com>

Miscellaneous Data

2019 Traffic Summonses by Race

Race	Num. Summonses	Total
White	1,951	74%
Black	568	22%
Hispanic	7	0.2%
Asian/Pacific Islander	75	3%
American Indian/Alaskan Native	12	0.4%
Unknown	24	0.9%
Other	1	0.03%
Total	2,638	100%



Officer Arla Newton works from her laptop in her patrol vehicle

Charlottesville Police Department Calls for Service Data—2019

Total Calls for Service: 37,685

ECC-Initiated: 27,854

Officer Initiated: 9,831

Priority 1 Calls: 423

Total Parking Violations: 9,900

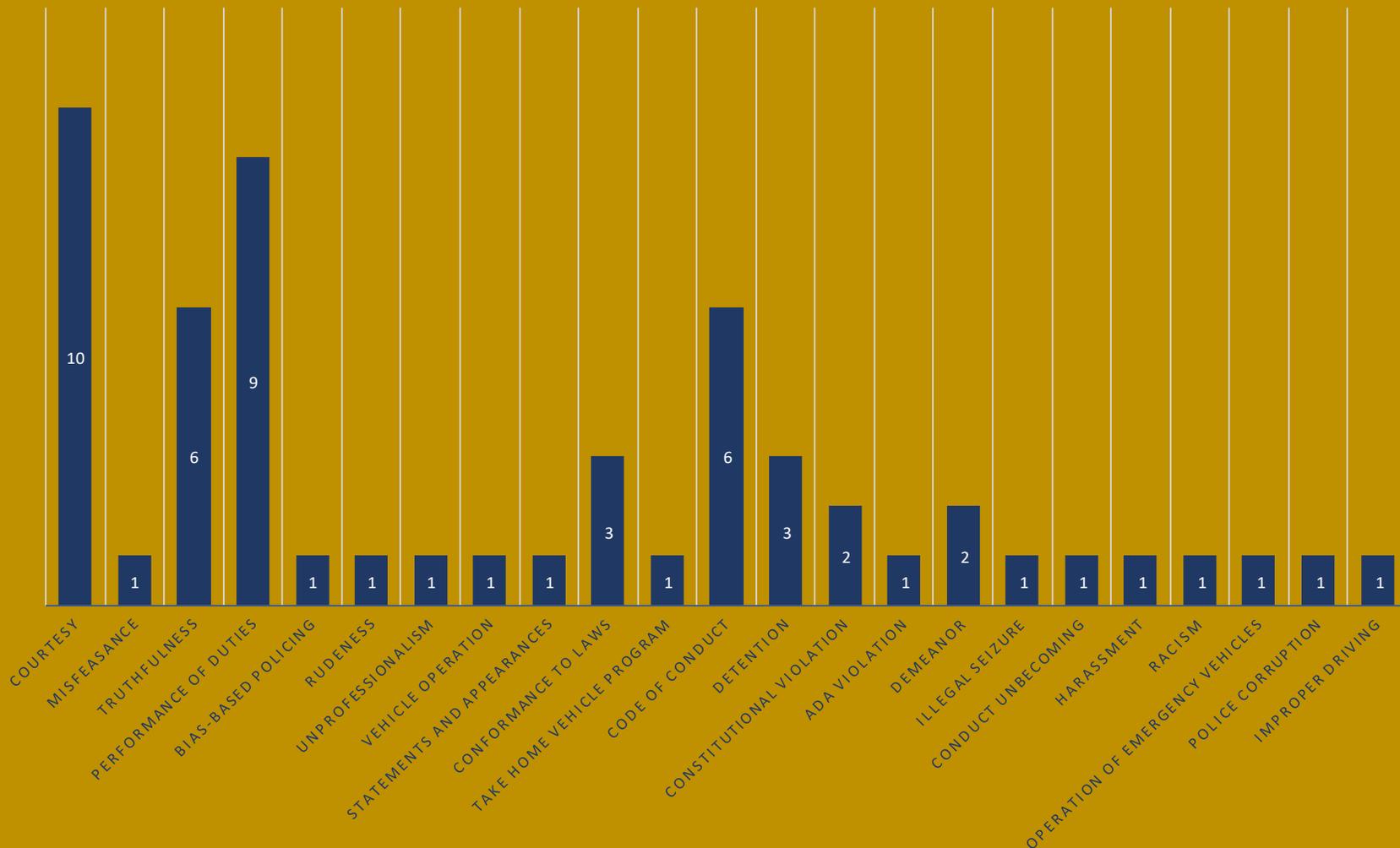
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2019 Internal Affairs Data Final Summary

The Charlottesville Police Department's Internal Affairs Unit received fifty (50) cases in 2019, which resulted in 61 allegations. Graphs related to the number of complaints by allegation and dispositions are available below:

2019 INTERNAL AFFAIRS COMPLAINTS BY ALLEGATIONS

(50) CASES RESULTED IN (61) ALLEGATIONS



2019 Internal Affairs Data Final Summary (Continued)

Definitions of Dispositions:

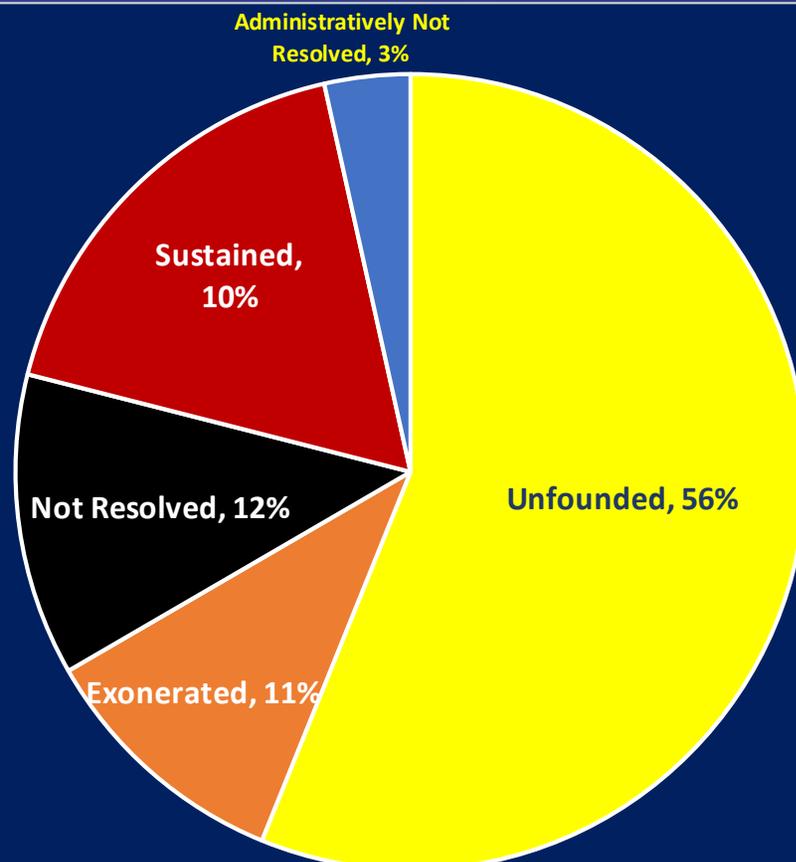
Unfounded: No basis of fact to support the allegation

Exonerated: Allegations true, but officer is not guilty of any misconduct, due to applicable procedures, techniques, and regulations.

Not Resolved: unable to verify the truth or falsity of the complainant's allegations.

Sustained: Allegations true and officer is determined to have acted in violation of applicable procedures, techniques, and regulations.

Administratively Not Resolved:



2019 Internal Affairs Data Final Summary

The Charlottesville Police Department's Internal Affairs Unit received fifty (50) cases in 2019. Red indicates the case is currently open. It should be noted, due to a clerical error, Case Number IA2019-019 was not assigned. * indicates same complainant filed multiple (2) complaints. ** indicates same complainant filed multiple (7) complaints. *** indicates same individual filed (2) complaints.

*CASE: 2019-001

Received: January 4, 2019

Closed: March 25, 2019

Allegation: Courtesy

Determination: **EXONERATED**

CASE: 2019-002

Received: January 9, 2019

Closed: February 14, 2019

Allegation: Statements and Appearances

Determination: **SUSTAINED**

CASE: 2019-003

Received: February 22, 2019

Closed: March 21, 2019

Allegation: Courtesy/Truthfulness/Courtesy

Determination: **NOT RESOLVED/UNFOUNDED/
SUSTAINED**

CASE: 2019-004

Received: March 27, 2019

Closed: May 16, 2019

Allegation: Courtesy

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-005

Received: March 29, 2019

Closed: June 3, 2019

Allegation: Use of Force

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

*CASE: 2019-006

Received: April 2, 2019

Closed: June 17, 2019

Allegation: Truthfulness

Determination: **EXONERATED**

**CASE: 2019-007

Received: April 6, 2019

Closed: April 25, 2019

Allegation: Detention/Conformance to Laws

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-008

Received: April 10, 2019

Closed: May 30, 2019

Allegation: Courtesy/Take Home Vehicle Program

Determination: **NOT RESOLVED/ SUSTAINED**

2019 Internal Affairs Data Final Summary (Continued)

****CASE: 2019-009**

Received: April 10, 2019

Closed: May 23, 2019

Allegation: Performance

Determination: **SUSTAINED**

CASE: 2019-010

Received: April 12, 2019

Closed: May 23, 2019

Allegation: Courtesy

Determination: Sustained

****CASE: 2019-011**

Received: April 13, 2019

Closed: April 25, 2019

Allegation: Code of Conduct

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

****CASE: 2019-012**

Received: April 16, 2019

Closed: April 25, 2019

Allegation: Code of Conduct

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

****CASE: 2019-013**

Received: April 16, 2019

Closed: April 25, 2019

Allegation: Code of Conduct

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

****CASE 2019-014**

Received: April 20, 2019

Closed: June 27, 2019

Allegation: Constitutional Violation

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-015

Received: April 23, 2019

Closed: June 4, 2019

Allegation: Use of Force

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-016

Received: April 23, 2019

Closed: June 3, 2019

Allegation: Demeanor

Determination: **EXONERATED**

CASE: 2019-017

Received: April 26, 2019

Closed: May 9, 2019

Allegation: Performance of Duties

Determination: **SUSTAINED**

CASE: 2019-018

Received: April 3, 2019

Closed: May 28, 2019

Allegation: ADA Violation

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**
(Complaint Withdrawn)

2019 INTERNAL AFFAIRS DATA (FINAL SUMMARY)

CASE: 2019-020

Received: May 20, 2019

Closed: June 3, 2019

Allegation: Illegal Seizure

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

***CASE: 2019-021

Received: May 20, 2019

Closed: June 3, 2019

Allegation: Courtesy

Determination: **EXONERATED**

CASE: 2019-022

Received: May 15, 2019

Closed: June 22, 2019

Allegation: Conduct Unbecoming

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-023

Received: May 13, 2019

Closed: June 18, 2019

Allegation: Harassment

Determination: **SUSTAINED**

CASE: 2019-024

Received: June 1, 2019

Closed: June 26, 2019

Allegation: Courtesy

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-025

Received: June 6, 2019

Closed: June 20, 2019

Allegation: Code of Conduct

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

**CASE: 2019-026

Received: June 17, 2019

Closed: July 24, 2019

Allegation: Use of Force

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-027

Received: July 9, 2019

Closed: August, 2019

Allegation: Performance of Duties

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-028

Received: July 15, 2019

Closed: July 31, 2019

Allegation: Constitutional Violation/Racism

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-029

Received: July 15, 2019

Closed: October 3, 2019

Allegation: Unlawful Detention

Determination: **EXONERATED**

2019 Internal Affairs Data Final Summary (Continued)

CASE: 2019-030

Received: July 31, 2019

Closed: September 26, 2019

Allegation: Conformance to Laws

Determination: **ADMINISTRATIVELY NOT RESOLVED**

CASE: 2019-031

Received: August 6, 2019

Closed: September 6, 2019

Allegation: Operation of Emergency Vehicles

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-032

Received: August 6, 2019

Closed: September 6, 2019

Allegation: Police Corruption

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-033

Received: August 8, 2019

Closed: August 30, 2019

Allegation: Truthfulness/Conformance to Laws

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-034

Received: August 15, 2019

Closed: September 19, 2019

Allegation: Improper Driving

Determination: **NOT RESOLVED**

CASE: 2019-035

Received: August 7, 2019

Closed: October 1, 2019

Allegation: Code of Conduct

Determination: **SUSTAINED**

CASE: 2019-036

Received: August 19, 2019

Closed: October 3, 2019

Allegation: Performance of Duties

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-037

Received: August 26, 2019

Closed: September 19, 2019

Allegation: Performance of Duties

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-038

Received: September 4, 2019

Closed: October 3, 2019

Allegation: Use of Force

Determination: **NOT RESOLVED**

CASE: 2019-039

Received: September 8, 2019

Closed: October 11, 2019

Allegation: Demeanor

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

2019 Internal Affairs Data Final Summary (Continued)

CASE: 2019-040

Received: September 8, 2019

Closed: October 17, 2019

Allegation: Use of Force/Courtesy

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-041

Received: September 30, 2019

Closed: November 6, 2019

Allegation: Performance/Courtesy

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-042

Received: October 15, 2019

Closed: October 23, 2019

Allegation: Performance of Duties

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-043

Received: October 21, 2019

Closed: November 20, 2019

Allegation: Bias-Based Policing

Determination: **ADMINISTRATIVELY NOT RESOLVED**

CASE: 2019-044

Received: November 15, 2019

Closed: December 27, 2019

Allegation: Use of Force/Truthfulness

Determination: **UNFOUNDED/UNFOUNDED**

*****CASE: 2019-045**

Received: November 15, 2019

Closed: January 6, 2020

Allegation: Misfeasance/Truthfulness

Determination: **UNFOUNDED/EXONERATED**

CASE: 2019-046

Received: December 2, 2019

Closed: December 31, 2019

Allegation: Performance of Duties

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-047

Received: December 4, 2019

Closed: December 10, 2019

Allegation: Performance of Duties

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

CASE: 2019-048

Received: December 3, 2019

Closed: January 3, 2020

Allegation: Rudeness/Unprofessionalism

Determination: **SUSTAINED**

CASE: 2019-049

Received: December 11, 2019

Closed: December 19, 2019

Allegation: Vehicle Operation

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

2019 Internal Affairs Data (Final Summary-Continued)

CASE: 2019-050

Received: December 23, 2019

Closed: January 3, 2020

Allegation: Truthfulness

Determination: **SUSTAINED**

CASE: 2019-051

Received: December 30, 2019

Closed: January 24, 2020

Allegation: Code of Conduct

Determination: **UNFOUNDED**

2019 Use of Force Data

Between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2019, the Charlottesville Police Department deployed force on seventeen (17) occasions. The most frequent deployment of force was physical force. For clarity context, force options are defined below:

Deadly Force: Any force that has the substantial likelihood of causing serious bodily harm or death.

Non-deadly Force: All uses of force other than those that have the substantial likelihood of causing bodily harm or death.

Impact Weapons: ASP Collapsible Batons

Chemical Agent: Oleoresin-Capsicum Solution (OC Spray)

Tasers: Electronic Control Device manufactured by Taser International

K-9: Trained police canines with law enforcement responsibilities.

Physical Force: A use of force option to gain compliance from resistant or aggressive individuals in arrest or other enforcement situations

For clarity and context, a brief description of each deployment of force is described below:

INCIDENTS OF FORCE:

Deadly Force: 0

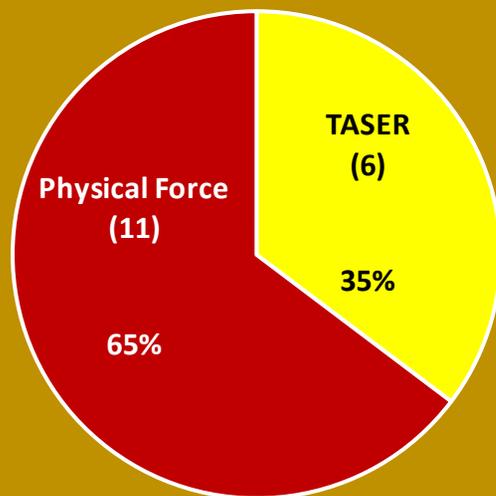
Impact Weapons: 0

OC Spray: 0

K-9: 0

2019 Use of Force Summary

Total Deployment: 17



2019 Use of Force Data (Continued)

INCIDENTS OF FORCE (CONTINUED)

TASER: 6

- January 8, 2019: Officers attempted to take a wanted person into custody. Subject was armed with a set of pliers, and shouted at the officers to shoot him. The suspect ignored officers' commands and advanced towards them. Officer deployed her Taser, and the subject was taken into custody. (Officer W/F, Officer W/M, Suspect B/M)
- January 18, 2019: Officers were providing security at a crime scene when a subject attempted to enter the scene. The subject attempted to push past the officers, who then attempted to place him in custody. The subject pulled away and yelled at the officer. The officer deployed their Taser, but contact was insufficient. The officer was able to make secondary contact with the Taser on the suspect's calf. The subject subsequently complied, and was placed in handcuffs. (Officer W/M; Suspect: B/M)
- July 5, 2019: Officer responded to a report of a subject who assaulted several individuals in a bar. The reporting party identified the subject to the officers. Officers moved to detain the subject who resisted by both pulling away and pushing the officers. As the subject began to break away from the officers, an officer deployed his Taser, which allowed the subject to be taken into custody. (Officer W/M; Suspect B/M)
- August 13, 2019: Officer approached suspect who had just assaulted two firefighters. The officer attempted to take the subject into custody for the assault, when the subject resisted arrest, and was able to break away from the officer. The suspect again attempted to approach a firefighter. The officer deployed his Taser, at which point the subject was taken into custody. (Officer: W//M; Suspect B/M)
- August 26, 2019: Officer responded to a 911 call for a subject holding a meat cleaver. The officer attempted to speak with the subject, but was unsuccessful. The subject engaged in a series of increasingly aggressive actions, to include striking himself about the neck with the meat cleaver. These actions led the officer to fear for the subject's and others safety. The officer deployed a Taser, which had an immediate effect. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: W/M)
- December 10, 2019: Officer observed a disorder and was assaulted as he attempted to break it up. Officers deployed his Taser with no effect on the suspect. Officer then performed a drive stun and suspect complied with commands and was taken into custody. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: B/M)

PHYSICAL FORCE: 11

- January 27, 2019: Officers witnessed a physical disorder between two individuals. Officers attempted to break up a fight when suspect (from the crowd of onlookers) attacked an officer. The officer punched the suspect in defense. The suspect was arrested for assaulting the officer. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: B/M)

2019 Use of Force Data (Continued)

- May 11, 2019: Officer witnessed subject committing an assault. Officer attempted to take the subject into custody and he resisted. The subject was taken to the ground, and placed in handcuffs. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: B/M)
- May 12, 2019: Officer responded to call for an assault. Suspect was identified, but refused to comply with orders from officer and was taken to the ground. Suspect refused to place his hands behind his back, and resisted officer's attempts to be handcuffed. Officer used an ASP to pry the suspect's hands from under his body. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: B/M)
- July 2, 2019: Officers responded to a report of an assault and strong-armed robbery. They located the suspect and attempted to detain him. The subject resisted the officer's attempts to place him in handcuffs by pulling away from the officers. The subject was taken to the ground, and placed in handcuffs. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: B/M)
- July 21, 2019: Officer performed a traffic stop, and found the driver to have a suspended license. Officer issued the subject a summons and instructed him to park his vehicle. Approximately one minute after finishing the traffic stop, the officer observed the subject driving in direct contravention of the summons. Officer stopped the subject again, and approached him with the intent of taking him into custody for the additional driving behavior, and disregarding the earlier summons. The subject resisted the officer's attempts to place him in handcuffs, pulling away from the officer on multiple occasions. The officer then took the subject to the ground, and was able to place him in handcuffs without further incident. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: W/M)
- August 4, 2019: Officer attempted to detain suspect for an outstanding warrant. The subject refused to comply with commands, and resisted efforts to take him into custody. The subject was taken to the ground, but continued to resist officer's attempts to place him in handcuffs. An ASP was used to pry the suspect's hands from under the suspect's body to be placed in handcuffs. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: B/M)
- August 25, 2019: Officers responded to a call for an unconscious subject. On location, they found the subject, who was intoxicated. Officers attempted to place the subject in custody, however, he resisted arrest. The subject was subsequently taken to the ground to be handcuffed. The subject curled his right arm under his body in an effort to resist officer's attempts. Officers were able to pull the subject's arms from under his body and placed him in custody. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: B/M)
- September 7, 2019, Officer assisted UPD in apprehending a suspect who fled from them. Officer gave chase and caught the subject. He advised the subject he was under arrest, and attempted to gain control of him. The subject was able to jerk away from the officer, and then the officer tackled the subject to prevent further flight. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: W/M)

2019 Use of Force Data (Continued)

- September 22, 2019: Officers approached after observing him leave a bar with an open container. Officer attempted to have the patron return to the bar. The subject instead threw the container, which hit a third party in the head. Officers approached the intoxicated subject, and during their investigation, the subject grabbed his ID from the officer and attempted to leave. Officers then took control of the subject's arms to place him in custody. The suspect began to resist, by flailing his arms, and was taken to the ground. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: W/M).
- December 19 2019: Officers' responded to a call of trespassing on a resident's porch. Suspect was known to have an active protective order (No Contact). Suspect saw officers and fled. Then suspect was tackled to the ground. (Officer: W/M; Suspect: W/M).
- December 20, 2019: Officers responded to a call for service for a disorderly, intoxicated subject in a taxi. The subject was located, and officers attempted to take subject into custody. Suspect tensed up and resisted the officer's efforts to place her in custody. The subject was then taken to the ground and placed in handcuffs. (Officer: A/M; Suspect: W/F).



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- Applicant must be at least 20 years 6 months of age to apply
- Be a high school graduate or equivalent (higher education is desirable)
- A United States Citizen
- Possess or be able to obtain a Virginia Operator's License by date of hire
- Must not have been convicted of a DUI within the past three (3) years
- Have a good credit history
- Must reside in Virginia (prior to the completion of the training academy)
- Successful completion of pre-employment examinations and tests



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CHARLOTTESVILLE POLICE DEPARTMENT

"SERVICE BEYOND THE CALL"

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